

# Generative AI Training

Course Duration: 5.5 months, Weekly 6 days, Each Class: 1 hr.

Trainer: D. Chaitanya (IIT Roorkee Alumni), 21+ yrs Exp.

a) **Python:** ~ 2 month

**I) Complete Python**

- Introduction:
  - i. Why Python?
  - ii. Who Uses Python today
  - iii. What can we do with Python
  - iv. How Python Developed and Supported
  - v. Python – Technical Strengths.
  
- Python Interpreter
- Program Execution – programmer’s view, Python’s view
- Installation
  - i. Python
  - ii. All Related Software: PyCharm, VS Code, Jupyter Notebook
  - iii. Setup, configure Python in Laptop
- All Numeric types in Python, coding/Hands-on
- Python Variables, objects, References, Shared References, coding/Hands-on
- Garbage Collection of objects
- All built in types in python: Strings, Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, sets, Files
- Python Statements - coding/Hands-on
- Assignments, Expressions and Prints
  - i. if-else, if-elif-else, if-else ternary expression
  - ii. while and for loops
  - iii. Comprehensions vs regular
  - iv. Parallel Traversals: map and zip functions
  - v. Other important functions: range, len, enumerate
  
- Iterations and Comprehensions - coding/Hands-on
- Python online Documentation
- Python Functions – def, nested functions
- Variable Scopes – basics, LEGB rules, global, nonlocal
- Function Arguments - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Arguments and shared references

- ii. Arguments passing basics
- iii. Arguments matching basics
- iv. Arguments matching syntax
  
- Advanced Function Concepts –Attributes, lambda functions
- Generators and comprehensions
  - i. Generator functions, yield statement
  - ii. Generator expression
- Python Modules
  - i. Definition, why modules?
  - ii. Typical Python program architecture
  - iii. Import statement - coding/Hands-on
  - iv. How Import works: Find it, Compile it, Run it
  - v. Standard library modules
  - vi. `__pycache__` folder for byte code files
  - vii. Module search path
  
- Module coding Basics
  - i. Module creation
  - ii. import statement, from statement, from \* statement
  - iii. Module Namespaces, Namespace dictionaries: `__dict__`
  
- Module Packages
  - i. Package import basics
  - ii. Why Package imports?
  - iii. Relative import basics
  - iv. Why relative imports?
  
- Advanced Module Topics
  - i. Mixed usage modes: `__name__` and `__main__` - coding/Hands-on
  - ii. The as extension for import and from - coding/Hands-on
  
- Introduction to Python Classes - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Why Classes?
  - ii. Classes, constructors and Instances
  - iii. Method calls
  - iv. Attribute inheritance search
  - v. OOP is about code reuse
  - vi. Subclassing by Inheritance

- vii. Polymorphism in Action
- viii. Class vs instance attributes
  
- Coding with Classes - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Abstract super classes
  - ii. Nested classes
  
- Operator Overloading - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Constructors: `__init__`
  - ii. Indexing, Slicing: `__getitem__` and `__setitem__`
  - iii. Attribute Access: `__getattr__` and `__setattr__`
  - iv. String Representation: `__repr__` and `__str__`
  - v. Right side and In-Place Uses: `__radd__` and `__iadd__`
  - vi. Call Expressions: `__call__`
  - vii. Comparisons: `__lt__`, `__gt__` and others
  - viii. Boolean Tests: `__bool__` and `__len__`
  - ix. Destructors: `__del__`
  
- Special features of Classes - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Inheritance: “IS-a” relationship
  - ii. Composition: “HAS-a” relationship
  
- Advanced Class Topics - coding/Hands-on
  - i. “New style” class model
  - ii. Diamond inheritance change
  - iii. MRO: Method Resolution Order
  - iv. Static and Class methods
  - v. The “super” built-in function
  
- Exception Basics - coding/Hands-on
  - i. Why Exceptions?
  - ii. Default Exception handler
  - iii. Catching Exceptions
  - iv. Raising Exceptions
  
- Coding Exceptions - coding/Hands-on
  - i. The try/except/else statement
  - ii. try/finally statement
  - iii. raise statement

- iv. assert statement
- v. with/as context managers
- vi. Nesting Exception Handlers

- Exception Objects
  - i. Class based exceptions
  - ii. Why Exception hierarchies?
  - iii. Built-in Exception Classes
  - iv. Custom Exceptions

## II) Regular Expressions with Python:

- What are regular expressions?
- regex module in python
- The match Function
- The search Function
- Matching vs searching
- Search and Replace
- Meta characters, advanced patterns

## III) Data Libraries:

- Introduction to numpy
- Creating arrays
- Indexing Arrays
- Array Transposition
- Universal Array Function
- Array Processing
- Array Input and Output
- Introduction to Pandas, Series, Dataframes
- Data reading with Pandas
- Data cleaning with Pandas
- Data wrangling with Pandas
- Data selection with Pandas
- Data extraction with Pandas

## b) Mathematics: ~ 0.1 month

- Linear Algebra
- Statistics:

- Probability:
- Differential Calculus:

c) **Machine Learning:** ~ 2 month

- Introduction to Machine Learning:
  - i. What is Machine Learning
  - ii. Why use Machine Learning
  - iii. Examples of ML applications
  - iv. Types of ML Systems.
  - v. Supervised Learning
  - vi. Unsupervised Learning
  - vii. Batch vs Online Learning
  - viii. Instance-based vs Model-based Learning
  - ix. Challenges of Machine Learning
  - x. Overfitting vs underfitting training data
  - xi. All phases of End to End ML Project.
- Classification Models
  - i. Binary Classifier
  - ii. Performance Measures
    1. Accuracy
    2. Confusion Matrix
    3. Precision and Recall
  - iii. Multi Class Classification
  - iv. Multi Label Classification
  - v. Multi Output Classification
- Regression Models
  - i. Linear Regression
  - ii. Gradient Descent
    1. Batch Gradient Descent
    2. Stochastic Gradient Descent
    3. Mini-batch Gradient Descent
  - iii. Polynomial Regression
  - iv. Regularized Linear Models
    1. Lasso Regression
    2. Early Stopping
  - v. Logistic Regression

- Decision Trees
  - i. Introduction to Decision Tree
  - ii. Training Decision Tree
  - iii. Visualizing Decision Tree
  - iv. Estimating Class Probabilities
  - v. The CART Training Algorithm
  - vi. Computational Complexity
  - vii. Gini Impurity vs Entropy
  - viii. Regularization of Hyperparameters
  - ix. Regression, Instability
  
- Random Forests
  - i. Ensemble Learning
  - ii. Voting Classifiers
  - iii. Bagging and Pasting
  - iv. Bagging & Pasting in sci-kit Learn
  - v. Out of bag evaluation
  - vi. Random Patches and Random Subspaces
  - vii. Random Forests
  - viii. Extra Tree and Feature importance
  
- Unsupervised Learning Techniques
  - i. Clustering
  - ii. K-Means Algorithm and Limits of K-Means
  - iii. KMeans++
  - iv. Semi-supervised Learning using Clustering

d) **Deep Learning:** ~ 1.5 month

- Introduction to Artificial Neural Networks with Keras
  - i. Biological Neuron
  - ii. The Perceptron
  - iii. Multilayer Perceptron and Back propagation
  - iv. Regression MLPs
  - v. Classification MLPs
  - vi. Implementing MLPs with Keras
  - vii. Building an Image classifier using Sequential API
  - viii. Building Regression MLP using sequential API
  - ix. Saving and Restoring Model
  - x. Fine tuning neural network hyper parameters

- xi. Number of Hidden layers
- xii. Number of neurons per hidden layer
- xiii. Learning rate, Batch size and other hyper parameters

- Training Deep Neural Networks
  - i. Vanishing/Exploding Gradients problems.
    - 1. Glorot and He initialization
    - 2. Batch Normalization
    - 3. Gradient Clipping
  - ii. Transfer Learning
  - iii. Avoiding overfitting through Regularization
    - 1. Dropout
    - 2. MC (Monte Carlo) Dropout

e) **Generative AI:** ~1.5 months

- Introduction to Generative AI, LLMs
  - i. Introduction
  - ii. AI, ML , DL, Gen AI, LLMs
  - iii. Capabilities of Gen AI Models
  - iv. Categories of Gen AI Models
  - v. Improvements in LLM Models
  - vi. Applications of LLMs
  - vii. GPT Models, Evolution,
  - viii. Popular Players
  - ix. Foundational, Open-Source, Closed-Source LLMs
  - x. Gen AI Models with Modalities
- LLMs
  - i. LLM Limitations
  - ii. Mitigating LLM Limitations
  - iii. LLM App vs Traditional App
  - iv. Few examples of LLM App
  - v. OpenAI LLM Model Setup, usage
  - vi. Google Gemini LLM Model Setup, usage
  - vii. Hugging Face LLM Models, usage
  - viii.
- LangChain Orchestration Framework Intro
  - i. What is Langchain
  - ii. Key Components

- iii. Modules in LacgChain
- Build LLM Apps
  - i. Customer Service Apps
  - ii. Sentiment Analysis
  - iii. Text classification, Text Summarization, Document summarization
  - iv. Extracting structured information from a document
  - v. Output parsers, parsers in LangChain
  - vi. Tokens, monitoring Token usage & Cost.
  - vii. App using Streamlit
  - viii. Key Components
  - ix. Modules in LacgChain
- RAG
  - i. Why RAG
  - ii. RAG pipeline architecture – in context, Context window
  - iii. RAG pipeline architecture – external data source
  - iv. Document Loaders in Langchain
  - v. Document Splitters in Langchain
  - vi. Embeddings, Embedding Models in Langchain
  - vii. Vector Storage in Langchain
  - viii. Vector Databases and providers
  - ix. Retrievers in Langchain
  - x. LLM in Action
  - xi. Memory in Langchain
  - xii. Chains in Langchain
  - xiii. Prompt Templates in Langchain
  - xiv. Usages of Chains
  - xv. Hallucinations, Moderating Responses
  - xvi. Building Chatbot App
- Prompt Engineering
  - i. Introduction
  - ii. Instruction based prompting
  - iii. Complex prompts, building complex prompts
  - iv. Zero shot, One shot, Few Shot promptings
  - v. Chain Prompting
  - vi. Chain of Thought
  - vii. Self-Consistency
  - viii. Tree of Thought
  - ix. Verifying Output, Controlling Output